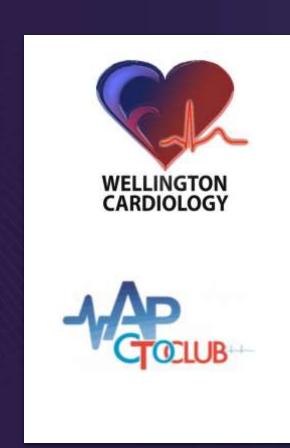
# **Taped Case #1**





Scott Harding
Department of Cardiology
Wellington Hospital

#### Disclosure Statement of Financial Interest

Within the past 12 months, I or my spouse/partner have had a financial interest/arrangement or affiliation with the organization(s) listed below.

#### Affiliation/Financial Relationship

- Grant/Research Support
- Consulting
   Fees/Honoraria

#### Company

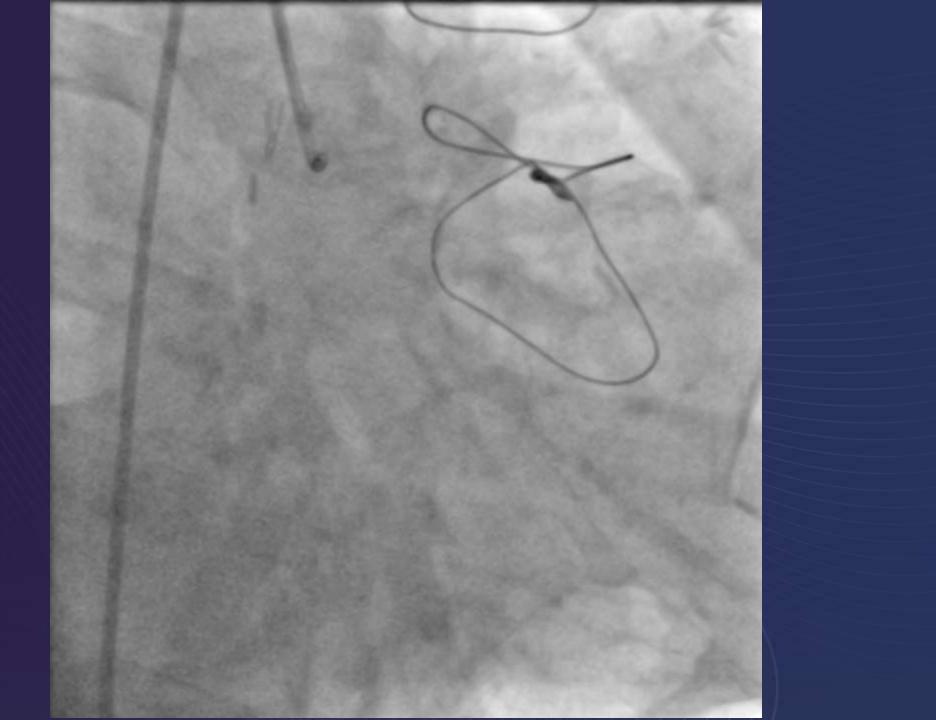
- Asahi Intecc
- Abbott Vascular, Boston Scientific, Asahi Intecc, Teleflex Medical

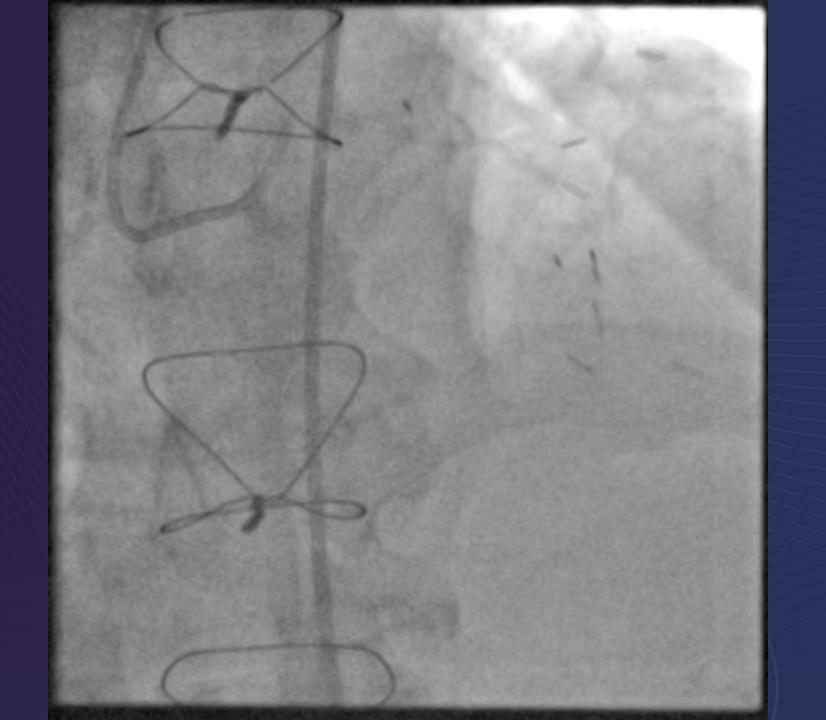
#### **CASE PREVIEW**

- 70 year old male presenting with limiting stable angina on 3 anti-anginal agents
- Previous CABG (LIMA to the LAD, SVG to the PDA, SVG to RCA) 2003
- Previous anterior MI
- Paroxysmal AF
- Hypertension and dyslipidaemia
- Anteroseptal Q waves
- Echocardiogram: EF 37%. Severe anterior hypokinesis, mild hypokinesis in RCA territory
- Hb 137 g/L, eGFR 58 ml/min/1.73m<sup>2</sup>

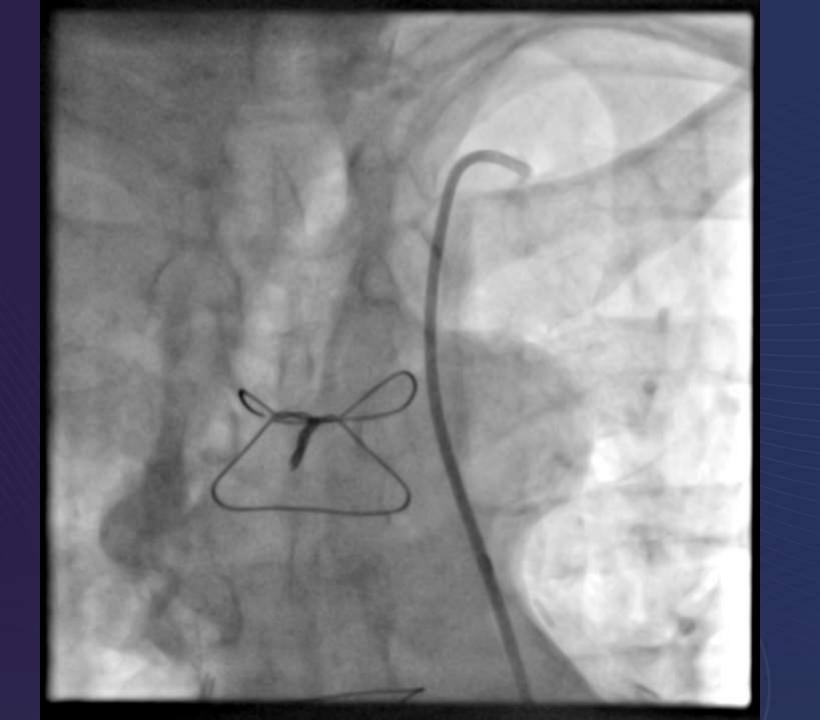
### **ANGIOGRAPHY**

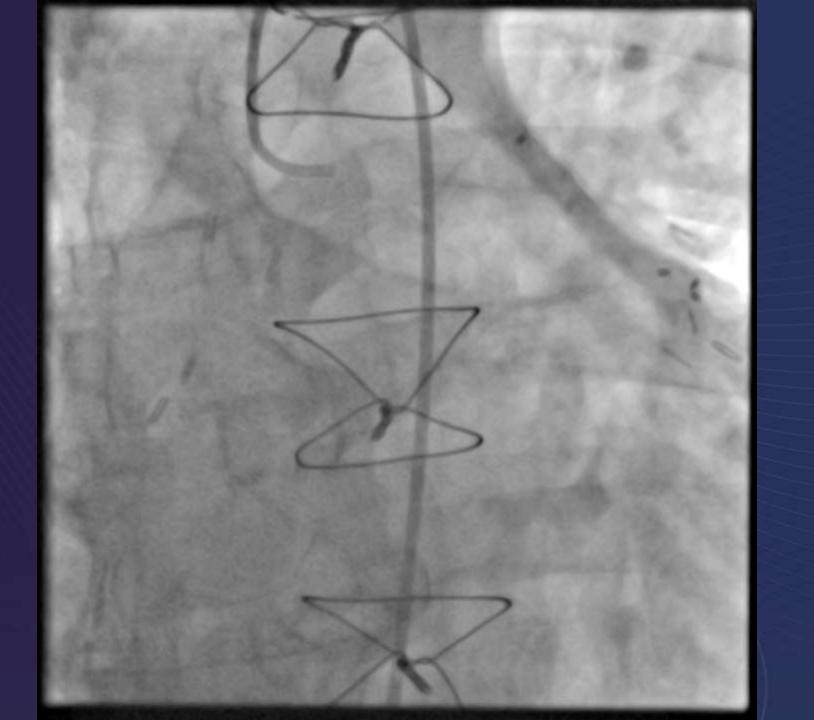


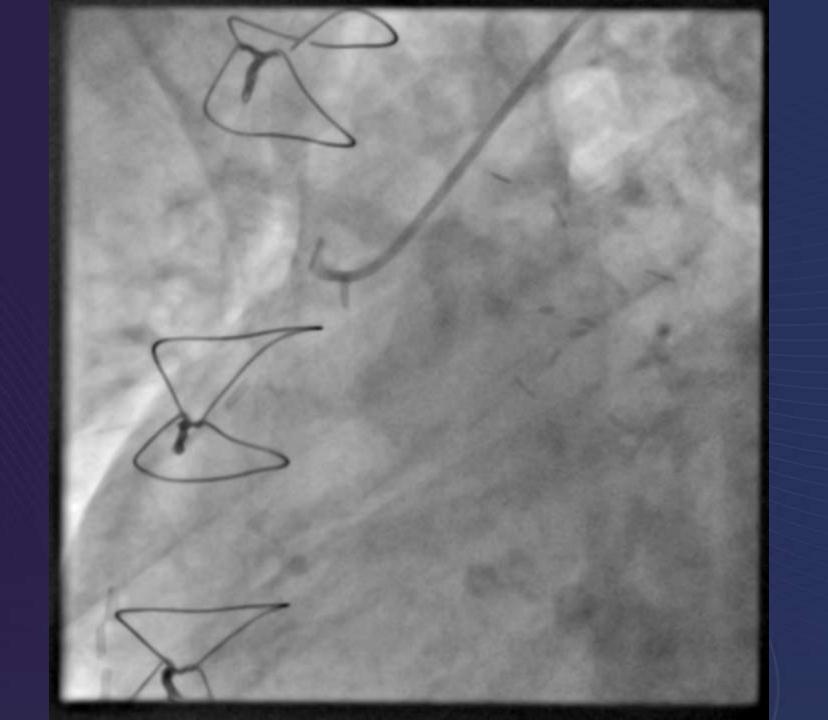












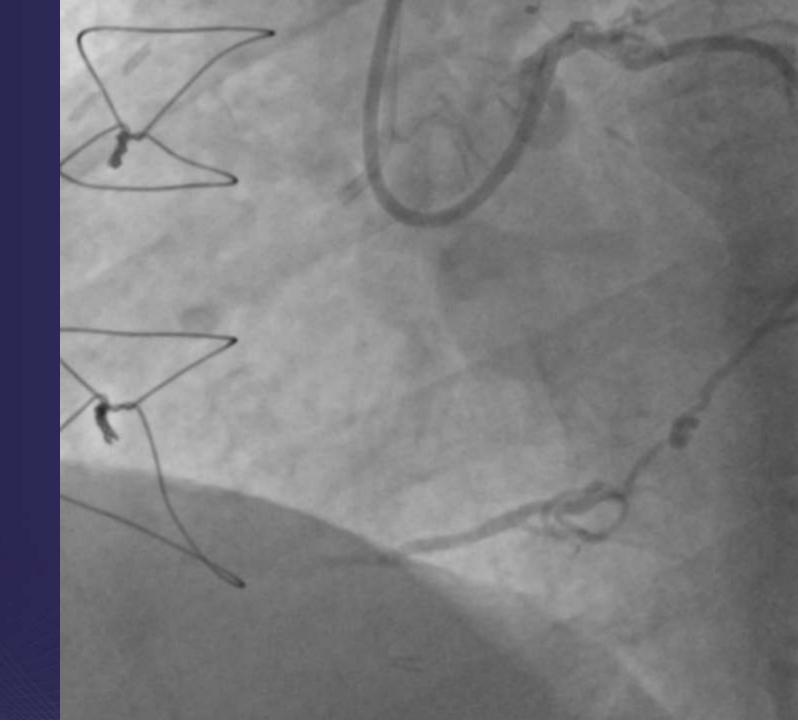
COMPLEX PCI 2020 VIRTUAL MAKE IT SIMPLET TECHNICAL FORUM A TO Z





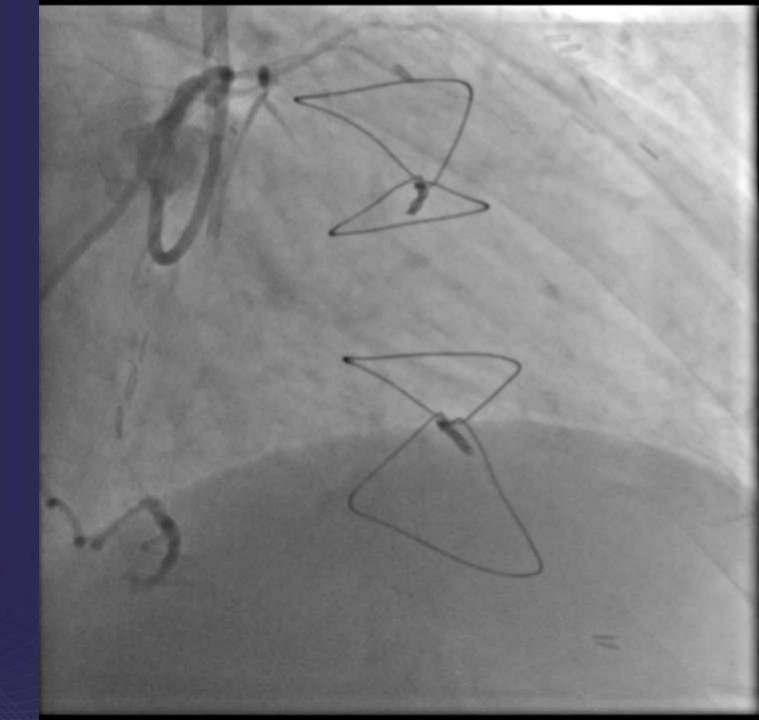
# Dual angiography

- Unambiguous proximal cap
- Length >20 mm
- Good quality distal vessel
- Interventional collateral from the Cx to the PLV



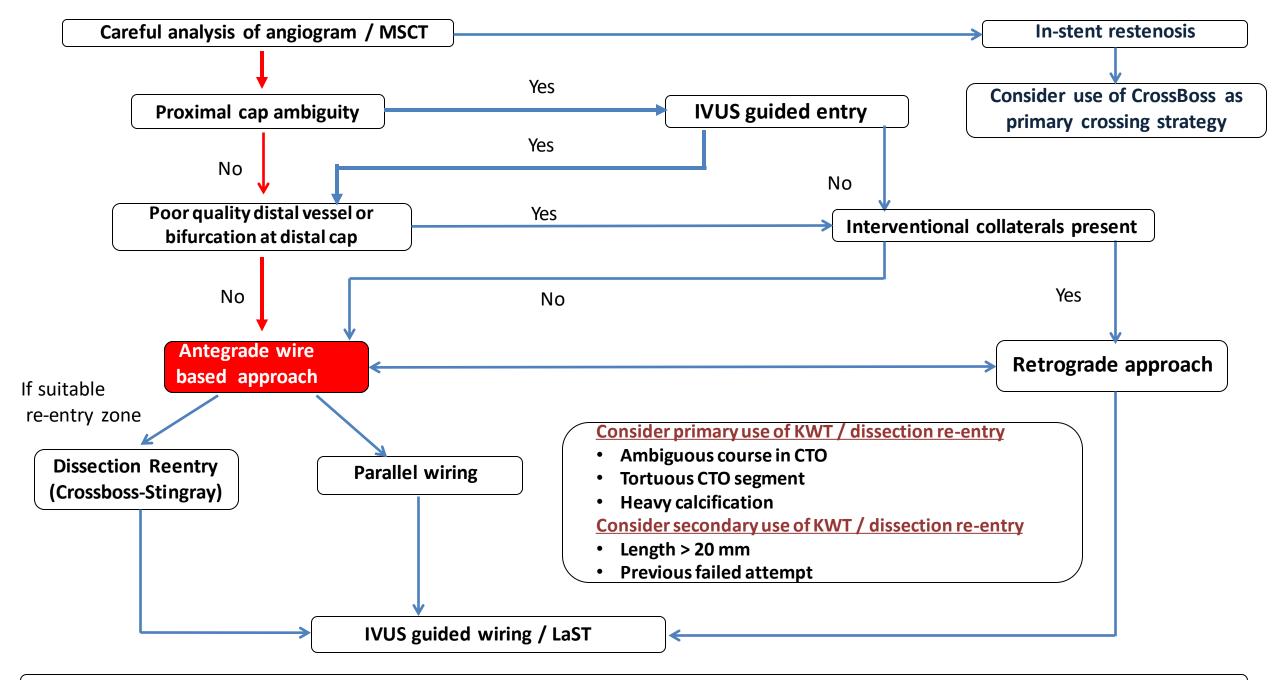


## Dual angiography



#### **DISCUSSION I**

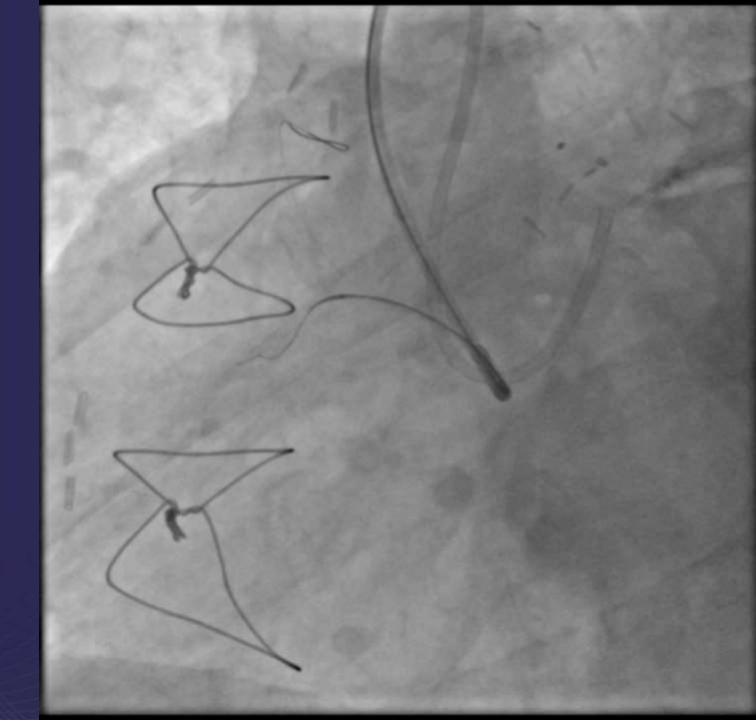
- RCA occluded since 2003
- J-CTO score 3
- Moderate to severe LV impairment with LVEDP at time of procedure of 19 mm Hg
- ? Initial best approach
  - > AWE
  - Retrograde
  - > ADR



Consider stopping if >3 hours, 3.7 x eGFR ml contrast, Air Kerma > 5 Gy unless procedure well advanced

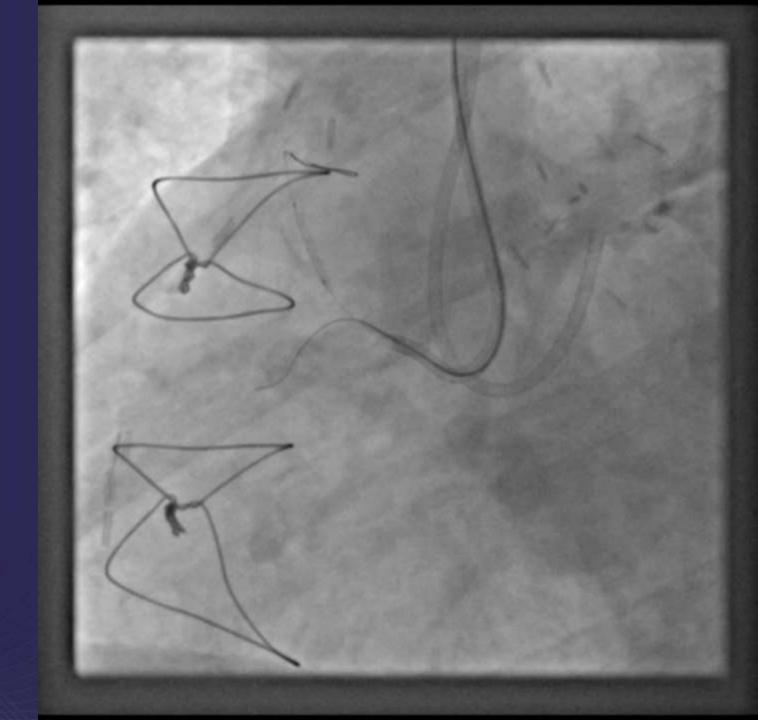


7F AL0.75
Corsair Pro 135 cm
XT-A down to proximal cap
Difficulty advancing
Corsair Pro



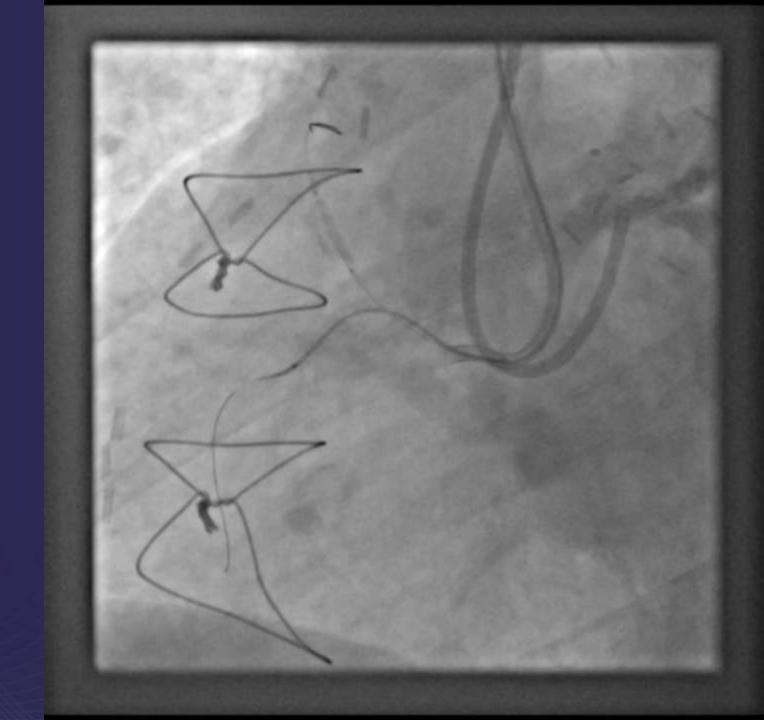


Anchor balloon to increase guide support





Needed to dilate proximal vessel with 1.0, 1.25 and 2.0 mm balloons to allow advancement of the Corsair Pro Fielder XT-A into branch



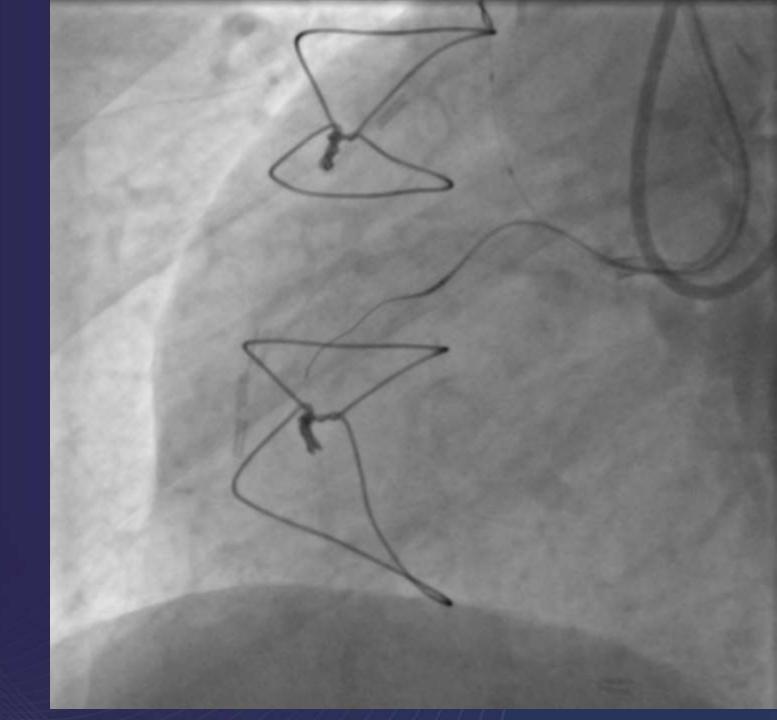


Escalation to GAIA 2<sup>nd</sup>
Next
Wire looks on course in RAO view



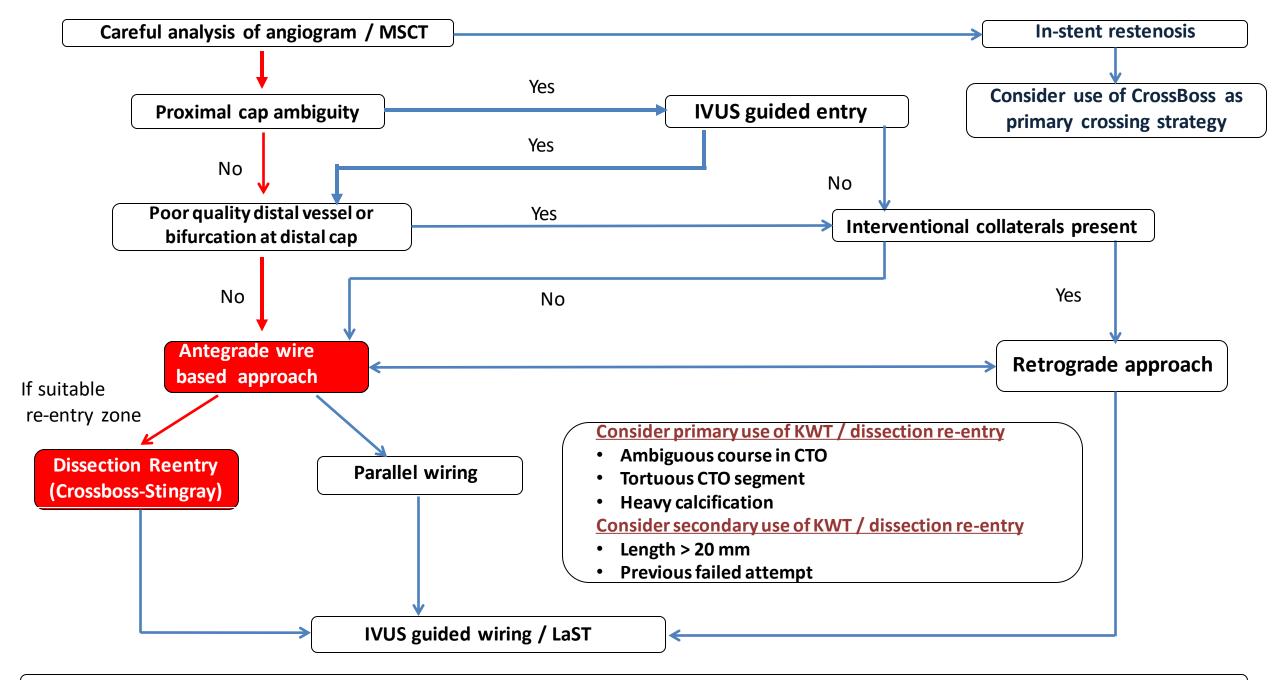


But wire appears on the outside in the LAO view



#### **DISCUSSION II**

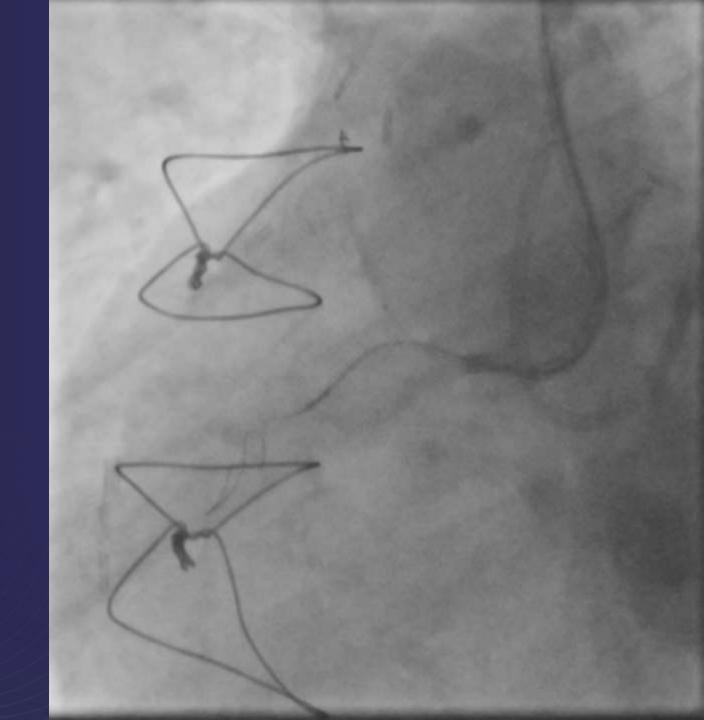
- 65 min into the procedure, 75 ml contrast used, 0.8 Gy radiation
- What now?
  - > Redirect wire
  - ➤ Parallel wire
  - ➤ Switch to retrograde
  - Switch to ADR



Consider stopping if >3 hours, 3.7 x eGFR ml contrast, Air Kerma > 5 Gy unless procedure well advanced

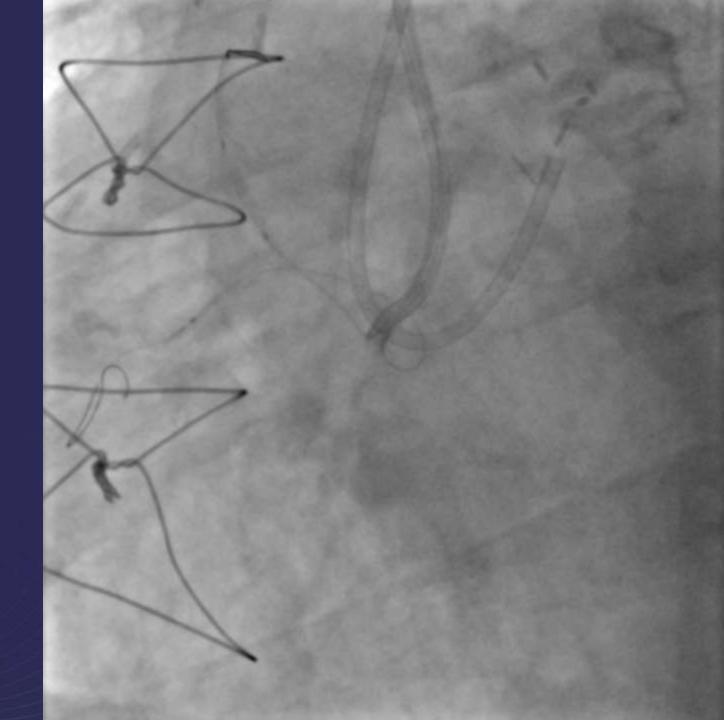


- Switch to ADR
- Knuckle with Pilot 200



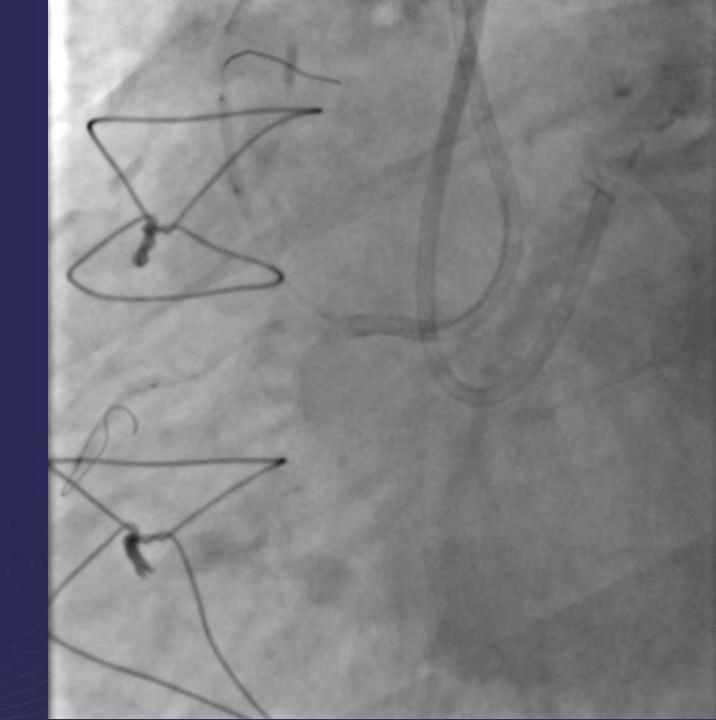


Unable to advance knuckle or Corsair Pro



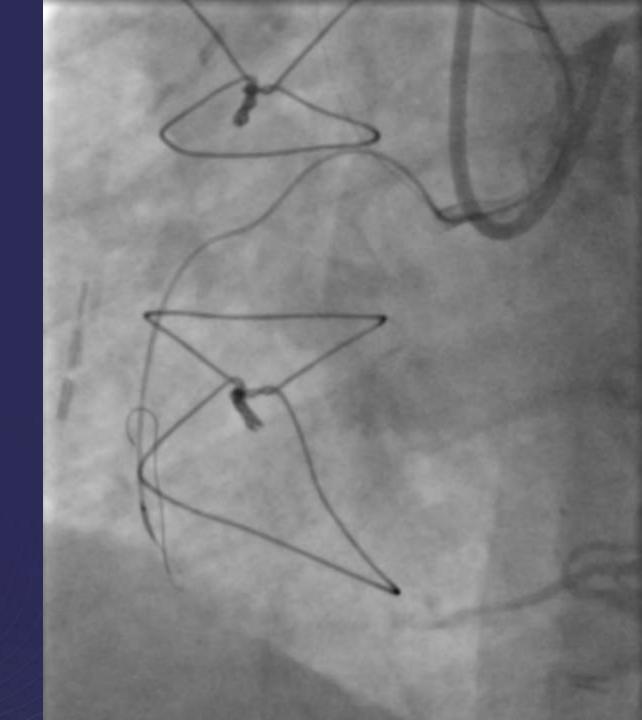


Serial dilation with 1.0, 1.5 and 2.0 balloons



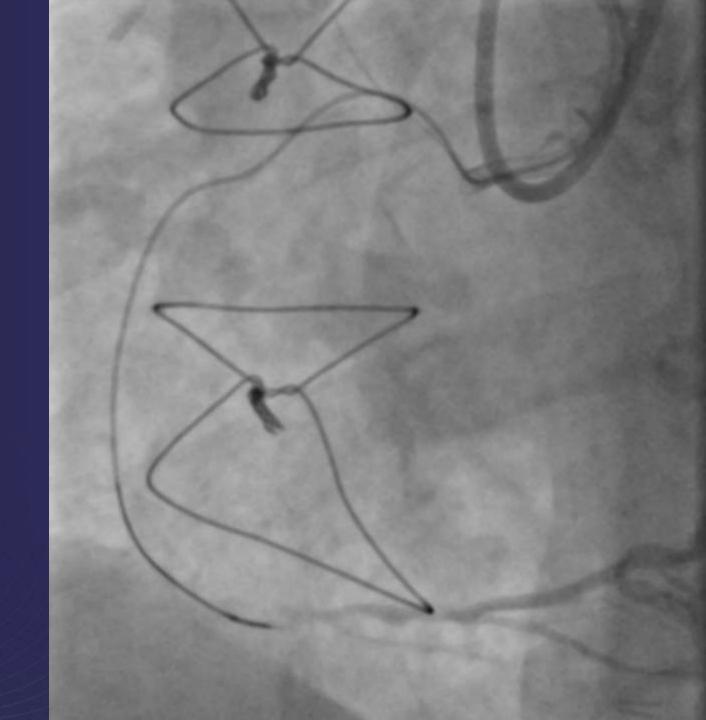


Knuckle wire and Corsair
Pro advanced just proximal
to the distal landing zone



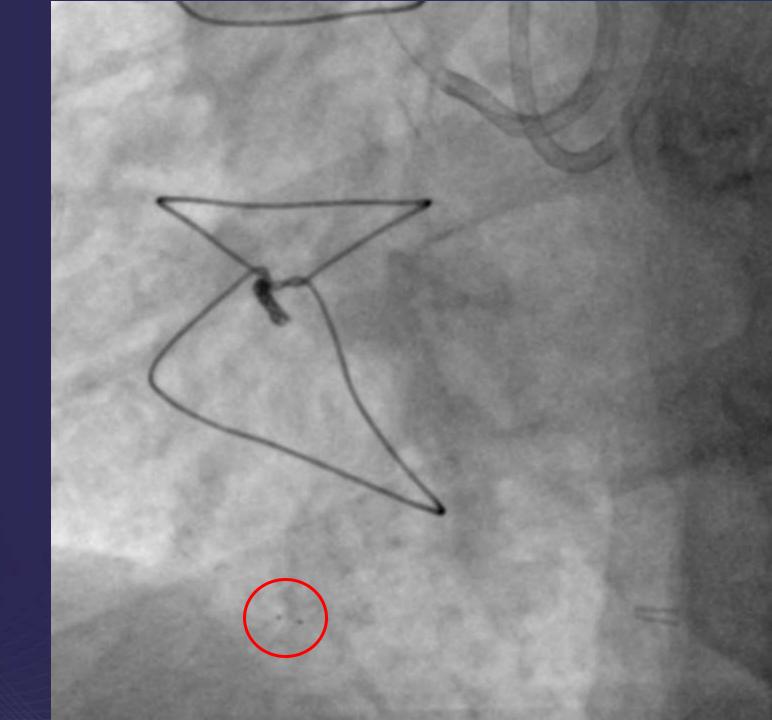


- Knuckle removed and Miracle 12 advanced to reentry zone
- Corsair Pro advanced over Miracle 12
- Corsair exchanged for Stingray balloon



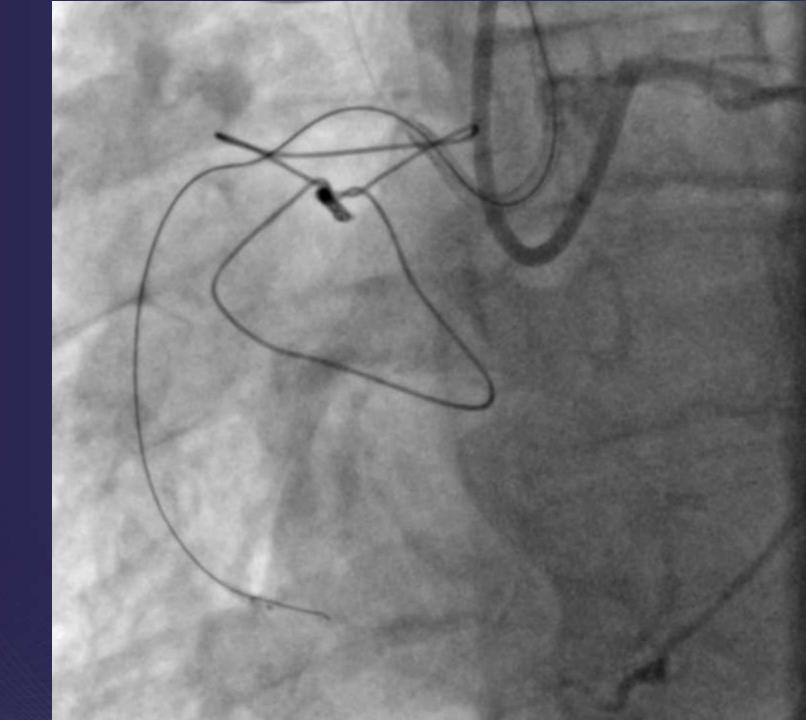


Stingray balloon in distal landing zone inferior to the vessel





Stick superiorly through the proximal port with GAIA 3<sup>rd</sup> Next



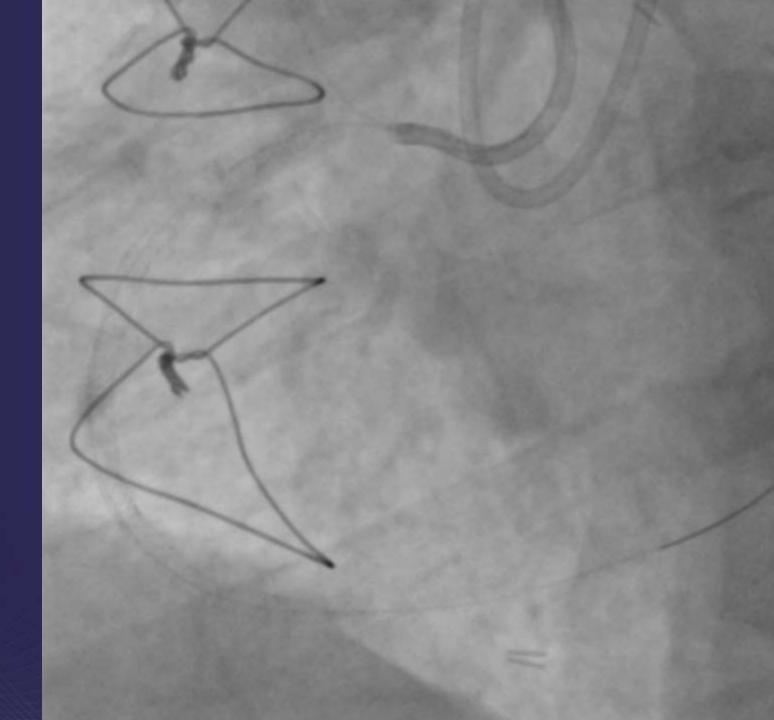


- GAIA 3<sup>rd</sup> Next advanced easily into distal vessel with no resistance
- LAO cranial confirming wire is in distal true lumen





Final result following placement of 3.5 x 38 and 3.5 x 32 mm Synergy stents



#### DISCUSSION III

- ADR can be a good alternative to retrograde in suitable cases
- ADR has evolved and can be performed through radial route with 7Fr or even 6F guide catheters and without CrossBoss or the Stingray wire

#### www.apcto.club



Nice
pictures
Live cases
&
Technical
Videos
It's all here!!

